

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The HP4054 is a complete constant-current/ constant voltage linear charger for single cell Lithium-Ion batteries. No external sense resistor is needed, and no blocking diode is required due to the internal MOSFET architecture. The charge voltage is fixed at 4.2V, 4.35V, 4.4V and 4.45V, and the charge current can be programmed externally with a single resistor.

The HP4054 automatically terminates the charge cycle when the charge current drops to 1/10 the programmed value after the final float voltage is reached.

When the input supply (wall adapter or USB supply) is removed, the HP4054 automatically enters a low current state, dropping the battery drain current to less than 0.1uA.

The HP4054 is available in SOT23-5L and SOT23-6L packages. Standard product is Pb-Free.

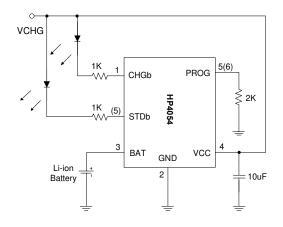
FEATURES

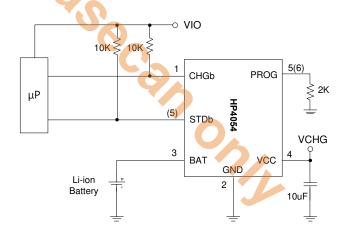
- Programmable Charge Current Up to 500mA
- 10% Charge Current Accuracy
- 1% Charge Voltage Accuracy
- Under Voltage Lockout Protection
- Input Over Voltage Protection: 6.4V (Typ.)
- 100mV(Typ.) Automatic Recharge Threshold
- Charge Status Output Pin
- 2.9V(Typ.) Trickle Charge Threshold
- Thermal Regulation Temperature: 140°C
- Protection for Battery Reverse Connection
- Available in SOT23-5L and SOT23-6L packages

APPLICATIONS

- Feature Phone
- MP3/MP4 Players
- Electric Toy
- Bluetooth, wireless handsets
- Others portable electronic device

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT





ORDERING INFORMATION



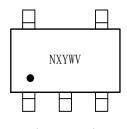
| Part No. | V _{FLOAT} | Package | Temperature | Tape & Reel | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| HP4054S5-42 | 4.2V | | | | |
| HP4054S5-435 | 4.35V | SOT23-5L -40 ~ 85 °C | 40 -: 05 °C | 2000/Parl | |
| HP4054S5-44 | 4.4V | | 3000/Reel | | |
| HP4054S5-445 | 4.45V | | | | |
| HP4054S6-42 | 4.2V | | | | |
| HP4054S6-435 | 4.35V | COT22 CI | 22.00 | 3000 /D I | |
| HP4054S6-44 | 4.4V | -40 ~ 85 °C | 3000/Reel | | |
| HP <mark>4</mark> 054S <mark>6</mark> -445 | 4.45V | | | | |

PART NUMBER RULES

HP40541-2

| Code | Descr | iption | | | |
|------|------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Package: | | | | |
| | S5: S0 | OT23-5L | | | |
| | S6: S0 | OT23-6L | | | |
| 2 | Voltage version: | | | | |
| | 42: | 4.2V | | | |
| | 435: | 4.35V | | | |
| | 44: | 4.4V | | | |
| | 445: | 4.45V | | | |

MARKING DESCRIPTION



(SOT23-5L)

"N": Product code, here use "M" stand for "HP4054"

"X": Internal Control Code

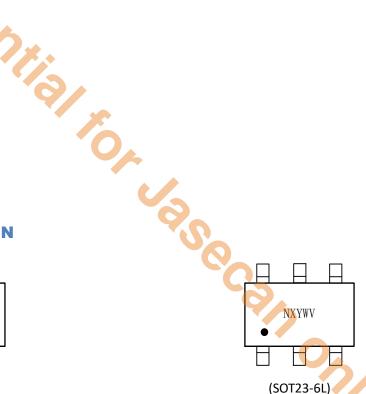
"Y": Internal Control Code

"W": The week of manufacturing. "A" stands for week

1, "Z" stands for week 26, "a" stands for week

27, "z" stands for week 52.

"V": Voltage Code.



"N": Product code, here use "M" stand for "HP4054"

"X": Internal Control Code

"Y": Internal Control Code

"W": The week of manufacturing. "A" stands for week

1, "Z" stands for week 26, "a" stands for week

27, "z" stands for week 52.

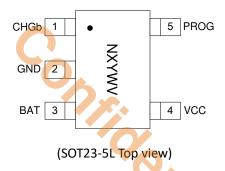
"V": Voltage Code.

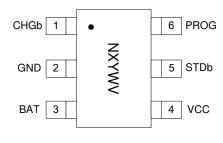
TYPICAL V_{FLOAT} VOLTAGE CODE TABLE



| V _{FLOAT} | CODE | V_{FLOAT} | CODE |
|--------------------|------|-------------|------|
| 4.2V | Α | 4.4V | D |
| 4.35V | С | 4.45V | Е |

PIN ASSIGNMENT





(SOT23-6L Top view)

PIN DESCRIPTION:

| PIN DES | · | ON: | | (SO123-6L lop view) |
|----------|----------|----------|-----|---|
| Pin Nu | umber | Din Nama | 1/0 | Fundia |
| SOT23-5L | SOT23-6L | Pin Name | I/O | Function |
| 1 | 1 | CHGb | 0 | Open-Drain Charge Status Output. When the battery is charging, the CHGb pin is pulled low. When the charge cycle is completed or VCC is removed, the CHGb is forced high impedance. |
| 2 | 2 | GND | G | Power ground |
| 3 | 3 | BAT | 0 | Charge Current Output. Provides charge current to the battery and regulates the final float voltage to 4.2V, 4.35V and 4.4V. |
| 4 | 4 | VCC | Р | Power Supply |
| _ | 5 | STDb | O | Charge termination indicated pin. When charge is terminated, it is pulled low, otherwise it is high impedance. |
| 5 | 6 | PROG | 0 | Charge current setting and monitor pin. The charging current is given by I_{BAT} = 1000/ R_{PROG} (A). Please choose 1% precision resistor for R_{PROG} . |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note)



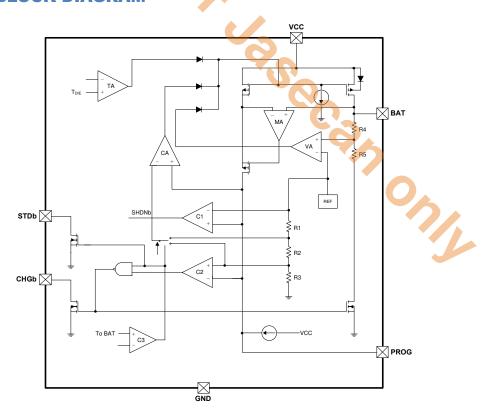
| SYMBOL | 17 | EMS | VALUE | UNIT |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|------------|
| V _{CC} | Input Voltage | nput Voltage | | V |
| V_{BAT} | BAT Voltage | | -5 ~ 7 | V |
| V_{PROG} | PROG Voltage | PROG Voltage | | V |
| V_{CHGb} | CHGb Voltage | CHGb Voltage | | V |
| P _{D_MAX} | Power Dissipation | Power Dissipation SOT23-5L, SOT23-6L | | W |
| Rеја | Thermal Resistance | Thermal Resistance SOT23-5L, SOT23-6L | | °C/W |
| TJ | Junction Temperatu | Junction Temperature | | $^{\circ}$ |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperatur | Storage Temperature | | $^{\circ}$ |
| T _{SOLDER} | Package Lead Solder | Package Lead Soldering Temperature | | |
| V _{ESD} | Human Body Mode | | ±5 | KV |

Note: Exceed these limits may damage the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| V _{CC} | Input operating voltage range | 4 | 5 | 6 | V |
| I _{BAT} | Battery charge current range | 100 | 250 | 500 | mA |
| R _{PROG} | CC mode charge current programming resistor | 2 | 4 | 10 | ΚΩ |

SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

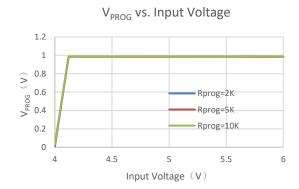


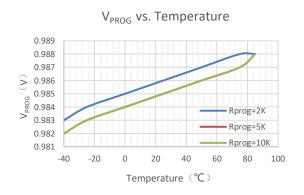
The following specifications apply for V_{CC} =5V, T_A =25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless specified otherwise.

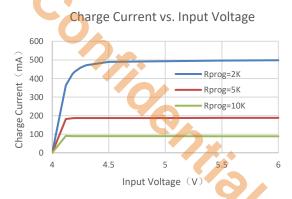
| SYMBOL | ITEMS | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------|---|---|-------|------|-------|----------------------|
| V _{CC} | Input voltage range | | 4 | 5 | 6 | ٧ |
| V _{UVLO} | UVLO Threshold | V _{CC} from low to high | | 3.7 | 4.0 | V |
| V _{UVLO, HYS} | UVLO Hysteresis | V _{CC} from high to low | | 250 | | mV |
| V _{OVP} | OVP Threshold | D 31.0 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.7 | V |
| V _{OVP_HYS} | OVP Threshold Hysteresis | $R_{PROG}=2k\Omega$ | | 610 | | mV |
| I _{SPLYCHRG} | Charge Mode GND pin Current | R_{PROG} =2k Ω | | 650 | | μΑ |
| I _{BATCHRG} | Charge Mode Battery Current | R_{PROG} =2k Ω | 450 | 500 | 550 | mA |
| V _{PROGCHRG} | Charge Mode PROG Pin Voltage | R _{PROG} =2kΩ, BAT=3.7V | 0.9 | 1 | 1.1 | V |
| I _{SPLYSTBY} | Standby Mode Supply Current | Charge Terminated, V _{BAT} =4.5V | | 60 | | μΑ |
| I _{BATSTBY} | Standby Mode Battery Current | Charge Terminated | | 1.5 | | μΑ |
| I _{SPLYSD} | Shutdown Mode Supply Current | R _{PROG} not connected | | 50 | | μΑ |
| I _{BATSD} | Shutdown Mode BAT Pin Current | R _{PROG} not connected | | 0.01 | 0.1 | μΑ |
| I _{BATSLEEP} | Sleep Mode BAT Pin Current | V _{CC} =0V or V _{CC} floating | | 0.01 | 0.1 | μΑ |
| | · CA | R _{PROG} =2kΩ, I _{BAT} =60mA | 4.158 | 4.2 | 4.242 | V |
| | Float Voltage | | 4.306 | 4.35 | 4.394 | V |
| V_{FLOAT} | Float Voltage | | 4.356 | 4.4 | 4.444 | ٧ |
| | | 9/ | 4.405 | 4.45 | 4.495 | ٧ |
| I _{TRIKL} | Trickle Charge Current | $V_{BAT} < V_{TRIKL}, R_{PROG} = 2k\Omega$ | 45 | 50 | 55 | mA |
| I _{TERM} | Terminal Charge Current | I _{PROG} =2K | 45 | 50 | 55 | mA |
| V _{TRIKL} | Trickle Charge Voltage Threshold | V _{BAT} from low to high | 2.75 | 2.9 | 3.05 | V |
| V _{TRIKL, HYS} | Trickle Charge Voltage Hysteresis | V _{BAT} from high to low | | 120 | | mV |
| M | V V Laskaut Threadaid Valtage | V _{cc} from high to low | | 35 | | mV |
| V_{ASD} | V _{CC} -V _{BAT} Lockout Threshold Voltage | V _{CC} from low to high | 35 | 60 | 85 | mV |
| ΔV_{RECHRG} | Auto Recharge Battery Voltage | V _{FLOAT} - V _{RECHR} | 50 | 100 | 150 | mV |
| V _{CHGb} | CHGb Pin Output Low Voltage | I _{CHGb} =5mA | | 0.15 | 0.3 | V |
| R _{ON} | Power FET ON Resistance | R _{PROG} =1kΩ, VBAT=4.0V | | 0.55 | | Ω |
| -011 | | V _{CC} =5V (Current limiting 0.5A) | 4/4 | | | |
| T _{LMT} | Thermal regulation | $R_{PROG}=1k\Omega$ | | 140 | | $^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ |
| T_{RECHRG} | Recharge Comparator Filter Time | | | 2.8 | | ms |
| T_{TERM} | Charge Terminated Filter Time | | | 1.5 | | ms |

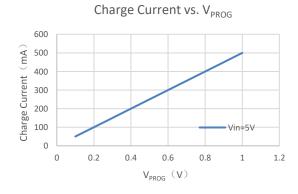
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

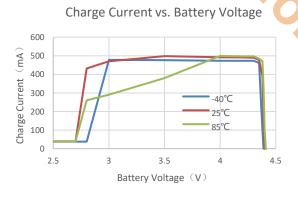


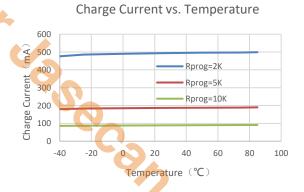


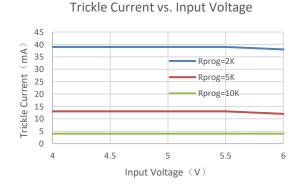


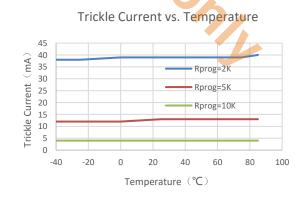






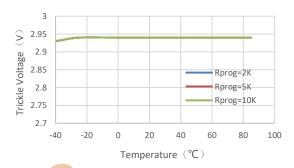




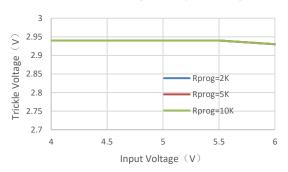




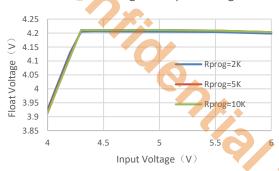
Trickle Voltage vs. Temperature



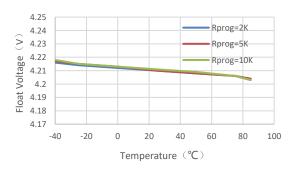
Trickle Voltage vs. Input Voltage



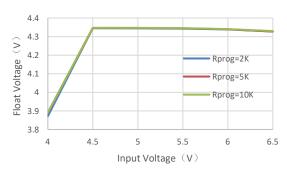
Float Voltage vs. Input Voltage



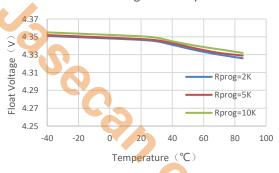
Float Voltage vs. Temperature



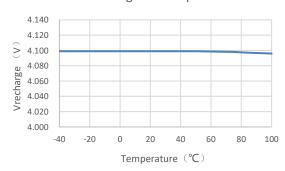
Float Voltage vs. Input Voltage



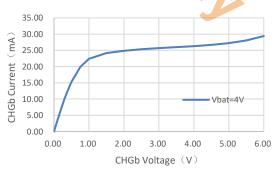
Float Voltage vs. Temperature



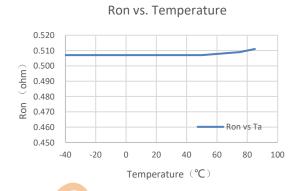
Vrecharge vs. Temperature

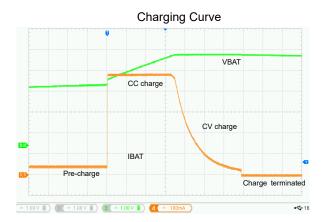


CHGb Current vs. CHGb Voltage









OPERATION INFORMATION

The HP4054 is a single battery Li-Ion battery charger using a constant-current / constant-voltage algorithm. It can deliver up to 0.5A of charge current (using a good thermal PCB layout) with a final float voltage accuracy of $\pm 1\%$. The HP4054 includes an internal P-channel power MOSFET and thermal regulation circuitry. No blocking diode or external current sense resistor is required; thus, the basic charger circuit requires only two external components. Furthermore, the HP4054 can operate from a USB power source.

Normal charge cycle

A charge cycle begins when the voltage at the VCC pin rises above the UVLO threshold level and a 1% program resistor is connected from the PROG pin to ground or when a battery is connected to the charger output. If the BAT pin is less than the V_{TRIKL} , the charger enters trickle charge mode. In this mode, the HP4054 supplies approximately 1/10 the programmed charge current to bring the battery voltage up to a safe level for full current charging.

When the BAT pin voltage rises above the VTRIKL, the charger enters constant-current mode, where the programmed charge current is supplied to the battery. When the BAT pin approaches the final float voltage, the HP4054 enters constant-voltage mode and the charge current begins to decrease. The charge cycle ends when the PROG voltage is less than 100mV.

Programming charge current

The charge current is programmed using a single resistor from the PROG pin to ground. The battery charge current of constant current mode is 1000 times the current out of the PROG pin. The program resistor and the charge current of constant current are calculated using the following equations:

$$I_{CHG} = 1000 / R_{PROG} (A)$$

Please choose 1% precision resistor for RPROG, this will affect the accuracy of CC charge current and termination current.

Charge termination

A charge cycle is terminated when the charge current falls to 1/10 of the programmed value after the final float voltage is reached. This condition is detected by using an internal, filtered comparator to monitor the PROG pin. When the PROG pin voltage falls below 100mV for longer than the T_{TERM} (typically 1ms), charging is terminated. The charge current is latched off and the HP4054 enters standby mode, where the input supply current drops to the I_{SPLYSTBY}.

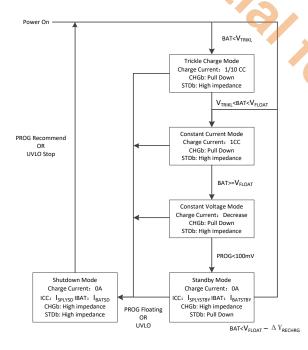
(Note: 1/10 CC termination is disabled in trickle charging mode and thermal limiting modes).

When charging, transient loads on the BAT pin can cause the PROG pin to fall below 100mV for short



periods of time before the DC charge current has dropped to 1/10 of the programmed value. The 1ms filter time (T_{TERM}) on the termination comparator ensures that transient loads of this nature do not result in premature charge cycle termination. Once the average charge current drops below 1/10 of the programmed value, the HP4054 terminates the charge cycle and ceases to provide any current through the BAT pin, the chip will be put into standby mode. In this state, all loads on the BAT pin must be supplied by the battery.

The HP4054 constantly monitors the BAT pin voltage in standby mode. If this voltage drops below the recharge threshold ($V_{FLOAT} - \Delta V_{RECHRG}$), another charge cycle begins and current is once again supplied to the battery. The state diagram of a typical charge cycle is as below:



Charge status indicator (CHGb and STDb)

HP4054 has two different open-drain status outputs of charge status, one is CHGb, and the other is STDb. If these two outputs are connected to LED light, light goes on when the pin pulled low and light goes off when high impedance.

These indicators have two different states: pull-down, and high impedance. The pull-down state of the CHGb and the high impedance state of the STDb indicate that the HP4054 is in a charge cycle. The pull-down state of the STDb and the high impedance state of the CHGb indicate that the charge cycle is complete. These indicators also can be used to detect the charge states by a microprocessor with pull-up resistors.

Shutdown mode

The HP4054 can be put into shutdown mode when VCC voltage down to UVLO threshold. In this state, the CHGb pin is high impedance state. The CHGb pin is also in a high impedance state if the charge cycle is completed.

Automatic recharge

Once the charge cycle is terminated, the HP4054 continuously monitors the voltage on the BAT pin using a comparator with a 2ms filter time (T_{RECHRG}). A charge cycle restarts when the battery voltage falls below the recharge threshold $V_{FLOAT} - \Delta V_{RECHRG}$ (which corresponds to approximately 80% to 90% battery capacity). This ensures that the battery is kept at or near a fully charged condition and eliminates the need for periodic charge cycle initiations. CHGb output enters a pull-down state during recharge cycles.



APPLICATION INFORMATIONS

Stability considerations

The constant-voltage mode feedback loop is stable without an output capacitor provided a battery is connected to the charge output. With no battery present, an output capacitor is recommended to reduce ripple voltage. When using high value, low ESR ceramic capacitors, it is recommended to add a 1Ω resistor in series with the capacitor. No series resistor is needed if tantalum capacitors are used.

In constant-current mode, the PROG pin is in the feedback loop, not the battery. The constant-current mode stability is affected by the impedance at the PROG pin. With no additional capacitance on the PROG pin, the charger is stable with program resistor values as high as $50 \text{K}\Omega$. However, additional capacitance on this node reduces the maximum allowed program resistor thus it should be avoided.

Thermal limit

An internal thermal feedback loop reduces the programmed charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately $140~^{\circ}\text{C}$. This feature protects the HP4054 from excessive temperature and allows the user to push the limits of the power handling capability of a given circuit board without risk of damaging the HP4054. The charge current can be set according to typical (not worst-case) ambient

temperature with the assurance that the charger will automatically reduce the current in worse-case conditions.

Power dissipation

The conditions that cause the HP4054 to reduce charge current through thermal feed-back can be approximated by considering the power dissipated in the IC. Nearly all this power dissipation is generated by the internal MOSFET. This is calculated to be approximately:

$$P_D = (V_{CC} - V_{BAT}) * I_{BAT}$$

It is important to remember that HP4054 applications do not be designed for worst-case thermal conditions since the IC will automatically reduce power dissipation when the junction temperature reaches approximately 140° C (Constant temperature mode).

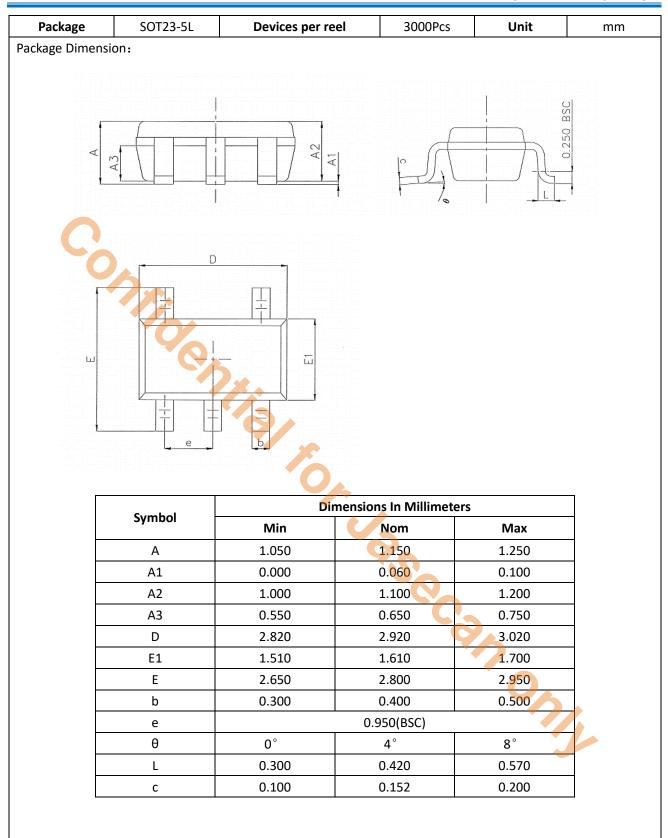
VCC bypass capacitor

Many types of capacitors can be used for input bypass; however, caution must be exercised when using multilayer ceramic capacitors. Because of the self-resonant and high Q characteristics of some types of ceramic capacitors, a 10uF/16V ceramic capacitor is recommended for this bypass capacitor. Due to a high voltage transient will be generated under some start-up conditions, such as connecting the charger input to a live power source.

ONL







PACKAGE OUTLINE



| Package | SOT23-6L | Devices per reel | 3000Pcs | Unit | mm |
|----------------|----------|---|---------|------------|------|
| Package Dimens | ion: | | | | |
| Co | | D E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E | | .2 | |
| SYMBOL | | Unit: mm | | Unit: Inch | |
| JINDOL | Min | Max | Mir | ı ſ | Max |
| А | 1.050 | 1.250 | 0.04 | 1 0 | .049 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.00 | 0 0 | .004 |
| A2 | 1.050 | 1.150 | 0.04 | 1 0 | .045 |
| b | 0.300 | 0.400 | 0.01 | 2 0 | .016 |
| С | 0.100 | 0.200 | 0.00 | 4 0 | .008 |
| D | 2 920 | 2.020 | 0.11 | 1 0 | 110 |

D 2.820 3.020 0.111 0.119 Ε 1.500 1.700 0.059 0.067 E1 2.650 2.950 0.104 0.116 0.950 TYP е 0.037 TYP e1 1.800 2.000 0.071 0.079 0.700 REF L 0.028 REF L1 0.300 0.600 0.012 0.024 θ 0° 8° 0°

REVISION HISTORY